A Family Newspaper, Devoted to Home Interests, Politics, Agriculture, Science, Art, Poetry, Etc.

VOL. XII.

Washington.

THERE will be a full Senate after the

SENATORS PATTERSON, Garland and

rover, who, in behalf of the Senate commit

tee on Territories, have conducted the inquiry

Total amount of currency outstand-

THE interest on registered bonds

THE Teller sub-committee started

in the mode of compensating postmasters of the fourth class, allowing them a commission on the stamps cancelled instead of on stamps

THE Mint Bureau, on the 3d, turned

ato the Treasury \$575,000 profits accruing to

the Government from the coinage of standare silver in the past three weeks. The Government has realized a profit of about \$1,600,000 on the standard silver dollars since the commencement of their coinage.

The East.

tion will fall through.

AT South Byfield, Mass., on the night

of the 30th ult., John H. Caldwell was killed by his insane wife. He was kneeling in prayer when she stepped up behind him and split his head open with an axe. He died instantly.

No unusual excitement attended the

resumption of specie payments at New York.
The banks received more gold on deposit than
they paid out. Reports from other cities were
to the same effect.

THE seat of Joseph Mason, elected to Congress from the Madison, N. Y., district, will be contested by Sebastian Duffy, Green-back-Democratic candidate. He alleges that Mason secured his election through bribery.

JONE W. FLAHERTY and George C

Bennett, Commissioners of the City Works, and two subordinate officers, were indicted by the Grand Jury at Brooklyn, N. Y., on the lst, for defrauding the city.

THE New York Gold Room was close

CALEB CUSHING died at Newbury port, Mass., on the night of the 2d.

THE banking house of Bennett &

THE "Bryant Commemoration" ser

ng on the 31st ult., \$363,208,584.

48,300 last month.

or New Orleans on the 3d.

WELLINGTON, OHIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1879.

BUSINESS CARDS General News Summary.

ATTORNEYS. J. H. DICKSON. TTORNEY-AT-LAW, Wellington, Office, in Bank Building, 2d floor.

W. F. HERRICK. TTORNEY-AT-LAW, Benedict's Block 2d floor, Wellington, Ohio. 7-3

PHYSICIANS.

DR. J. RUST. HOMEOPATHIST. Residence and fice, West Side Public Square.

DR. R. HATHAWAY.

HOMEOPATHIC Physician and Sur-geon. Office, at residence, west side Kelly Street, Wellington, Ohio. HOTEL.

WELLINGTON HOUSE, North side abile Square, Wellington, Ohio. Regular eals 25 cents. A good barn in connection. E. C. BROWN, Proprietor. BARBER SHOP.

YOU WANT a first-class Shave, Hair Cut, or Shampoo, call at Robinson's O. Shaving Saloon, Liberty Street. A full ritment of Hair Oils, Pomades and Hair toratives. We also keep the best brand kazors, and warrant them. Razors houed pound to order. E. T. ROBINSON.

PLANING MILL.

W ELLINGTON PLANING MILL.
Manufacturers and dealer in Sash,
Doors, Blinds, Brackets, Battings, Lumber,
Shingles, Lath, Cheese and Butter Boxes.
Scroll Sawing, Matching and Planing done
to order. D. L. Wadsworth, Prop. Office,
near railroad depot. of cash in Treasury, \$273,896,027, making the SUBSCRIPTIONS to the four per cent loan on the 2d amounted to \$8,590,150, being the largest amount by over \$5,000,000 ever THE United States mints coined \$5,

LUMBER YARD.

JEWELER. J. H. WIGHT,

BALER IN Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, TAILORS.

B. HOLLENBACH. TAILOR, in Union Block 28-tf.

BANK. MATIONAL BANK, Wellington, to. Does a general banking busi-bus and sells N. Y. Exchange, Gov-unds, etc. S. S. Warner, Presi-A. Horr, Cashier.

PHOTOGRAPHER

W. F. SAWTELL PHOTOGRAPHER. Gallery in Arnold' NOTARY PUBLIC.

J. W. HOUGHTON.

Drug Store, East Side Publi

YOUR PRINTING to the En-tries Office. All kinds of printing by and possetly. Office West Side pane, over Houghton's Drug Store.

HARNESS, SADDLES, &C. BACKER, Manufacturer

the best of workmen, and uses none but best Oak Tarmed Leather. A large ch of hernots constantly on hand. All the warranted. Shop nouth side Liberty

E. WELLS.

SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER. 11-15-ly

BUILDER.

get & ALLTN, Bullders, Shop in forth's Planing Mill. Many years exceedables them to compete for first-seed. Their motio is "Honest work, asterious and fair prices." Plans specious and defails a specialty. HIRAM ALLTH

BOOTS AND SHOES.

W. H. ASHFORD. ANUFACTURES and Dealer in Boots and Shose and all kinds of first class on work. All work and materials felly anted. Shop, south ride Liberty Street, door cost of Otterbacher's Harness Shop, ington, Onto. 11-9-1y

QUETTE OF THE PEACE. B. M. GOODWIN, TUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND GEN-LAL INSURANCE AGENT. Col-ections, Conveyancing, Fire and Life Insur-nce will be done promptly at reasonable atte. Office, in T. Kirk's Boot and Shoe Store, north side Liberty Street. 11-9-1y

MEAT MARKET. E. G. FULLER.

DEALER IN Fresh and Salt Meats, Bo-logns and Pork Sansage. Highest sarket price in cosh paid for Beeves, Sheep, logs, Hides, &c. Market, south and Lib-rty Street, one door west of Otterbacker's larges Shop. 11-9-1y LIVERY STABLE.

WM CUSHION & SON. IVERY AND SALE STABLE. Choice turnouts furnished, and charges rea-tible. South side Mechanic street, one or cost of American House. 11-15-1y

COAL YARD.

M. MCKINNEY, DEALER IN BLOSSBURG COAL, the finest article known for Blacksmithing. House shoeing, repairing, &c., promptty done, and astisfaction guaranteed. South aide Mechanic street.

READ THIS!

IE CLOTHIER & HATTER

A Large Illustrated 30-page Paper, of the trade indicated

usual announcement is made that depositors will be paid in full. BOOT & TINKER, Gov. TALBOT, of Massachusetts, was inaugurated on the 2d.

THE seventy-sixth call for the redemp tion of five twenty bonds of 1865, consols of 1867, was issued by the Secretary of the

Mellington

Treasury on the 81st uit. The call is for \$10,000,000—\$6,000,000 coupons and \$4,000,000 were adopted that the name of the Green-back Labor party of New England be given to the organization, and that the paramount issue in the Greenback-Labor movement is the immediate substitution of greenbacks for National bank currency. The meeting was addressed by Wendell Phillips. ecess, Senator Sharon, of Nevada, who has remained at home nearly the whole time of his term, having gone to Washington to oc-cupy his seat the remainder of the session.

Two BRAKEMEN on freight trains on tee on Territories, have conducted the inquiry into the condition of affairs in the Indian Territory, have agreed to recommend the enactment of legislation by Congress which shall provide for the establishment of a United States Court in that Territory, which shall possess both criminal and civil jurisdiction; that all Indians comprising the "Five Nations" shall be made citizens of the United States, and that lands now held in common may be divided and held in severalty, but remain inalienable for a limited term of years. The committee does not recommend establishment by Congress of a regular Territorial Government for these Indians, but provides merely that they shall be entitled to representation by delegate.

Total amount of currency outstand-

ment of the sixty day regulation. The bank claims to be able to pay in full.

THE miners at Luke Fidler colliery shamokin, Pa., struck on the 3d against a re ALONZO GARCELON was elected Gov ernor of Maine by the Legislature on the 3d. The Republicans voted for Garcelon. The

which fell due on the 1st was nearly all paid in legal-tenders, the holders of checks preferring that to coin. Of \$20,000 paid by the Treasury Department on the 3d, all but \$2,961 was paid in greenbacks. other nominees of the Democratic-Greenback caucus were elected. THE total amount of the public debt on Jan. 1, was \$3,367,703,345. Total amount GEORGE EINSIG, of York, Pa., called upon his wife, who had been separated from him, on the evening of the 3d, and upon her refusing to live with him he cut her throat, and she died soon afterward. Einsig was seized by Gehring, the woman's father, who carried the infant child of his daughter in his arms, but the murderer cut both in the face and head and fled. He was subsequently arrested ebt less cash in Treasury, \$2,028,648,111. becrease in debt since June 30, 1878, \$7,138,720.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND Mennonites ar expected to emigrate to this country from Russia by the first of next May. GARDINER LINGLEY, of East Attle

boro, Mass., killed himself and wife on the CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS, JR., has esigned as Government Director of the Union racific Railway Company. THE home of Benjamin Neal, of Walcole, Mass., burned on the night of the 3d THE postal revenue will probably be and his wife perished in the flames. creased \$900,000 per annum by the change WM. BLUMEN, formerly President of he defunct First National Bank at Allentown was arrested on the 6th on the charge of em

ezzlement. He gave bail. HON. MORTON MCMICHAEL, senio blisher of the North American, at Philadelhia, died on the 6th. THE Harmony cotton mills at Cahoes

. Y., have reduced working time to thre days in the week. They employ 3,500 hands and produce 300,000 yards of cotton goods a day. The operatives of the Newburgh steam cotton mills were also placed on half time on rrangements for the payment of the third the 6th. The low prices of manufacture goods is given as a cause.

THE seventy-seventh call for the re-Brooklyn increased her municipal issued by the Secretary of the Treasury on the 4th. The call is for \$10,000,000—\$6,000,-000 coupons and \$4,000,000 registered bonds. the city now is \$37,475,318. On the 6th Superintendent McCoo of the New York Central started from Buffal

THE Postoffice Department reduced of the New York Central started from Buffalo with five engines and a small anow-plow to clear up the road to Bochester. Five miles east of Batavia they encountered a drift forty feet long and five feet deep, which was frozen nearly as solid as earth, and the engines jumped the track, two of them going down the bank. Samuel Cooper, an engineer, was badly scalded, James Welch, a freman, badly bruised, and Thomas Lawless, another fireman, was caught under one of the engines and his leg had to be sawed off in order to extricate him. He cannot recover. schedule on the 1st, and the result is seen in largely increased requisitions now being received. The requisitions for envelopes on the 4th footed up 4,466,000, valued at \$9,755, or more than double those of any single day in the history of the department.

JUSTICE HUNT, of the United States Supreme Court, was stricken with paralysis at his residence in Washington on the 4th.

West and South.

THE United States Supreme Court MRS. DICKINSON, of Curdsville, Mer Washington City, on the 6th, gave a de-sion in the case of the United States as. the eer County, Ky., on the 27th ult., in attempt ing to aid a fire which she had kindled, seize Union Pacific Railroad Company and others, commonly known as the Credit Mobilier cases. The decision of the lower court sustaining the demurrer to the bill in equity was affirmed, and the Government's suit ordered dismissed. a keg containing some blasting powder an threw a handful on the fire. The flash reache the keg, and a tremendous explosion fol-lowed, enveloping her in a sheet of flames, and burning her so badly that she died on the following morning. Three of her children were also badly burned; two of them proba-bly fatally.

CINCINNATI is to have an exposition ices, under the auspices of the New York listorical Society, on the evening of the 30th in 1879. Mr. Reuben R. Springer subscribed \$50,000 and over \$100,000 more was raised by Two MEN were carried off on the

Historical Society, on the evening of the 30th ult., was largely attended by distinguished persons from New York and other States. Among those present were President Hayes, Secretaries Sherman and Evarts, Samuel J. Tilden and Peter Cooper. George William Curtis was the orator of the evening, and spoke for over two hours on the life, character and writings of William Cullen Bryant. ice near Big Suamico, Wis., on the 29th ult. and are supposed to be lost. A COMMITTEE of prominent Catholics of Cincinnati have prepared a circular for dis-tribution among the members of the church soliciting subscriptions for the relief of Arch-bishop Purcell. THE probabilities are that the coal

THE first narrow-guage train over the Eric tracks left Buffalo for New York on the THE committee appointed by the Oregon Legislature to investigate the books and papers connected with the State Department find that about \$97,000 have either been unaccounted for or paid out without authority of law. The committee's report is very severe on Gov. Grover, and blames him for a large part of the losses. CHARLES P. STICKNEY, the Fall River, Mass., defaulter, plead guilty to the indictment charging him with embezziement of \$30,000 from the Manufacturing Gas Company, Jan. 1, 1878. Sentence reserved.

THE Potter sub-committee arrived a New Orleans on the 30th ult. AT Sparta, Tenn., on the 28th ult.

ny, Jan. 1, 1878. Sentence reserved.

In an action brought by Elien Jones against the Granite Mills Company of Fall River, Mass., to recover damages for injuries received in a fire, she being able only to escape from the burning building by a gable window on the sixth floor, the Supreme Judicial Court decided, on the 30th ult., that it is not the duty of mill proprietors, in building property constructed for ordinary business, to provide means of escape or to insure the safety of the employe from the consequences of fire not caused by the proprietor's negligence. Joe Dibrell, a son of Congressman Dibrell was attacked by two brothers named McPher son. He defended himself with a shot-gun and shot one of his assailants dead and se-verely wounded the other. THE Michigan State House, which

was five years in course of erection and cos \$1,505,000, was dedicated on the 1st. THERE was coined at the United tates Mint at Philadelphia in 1878, \$25,192, In 1877 the commercial travelers of the West formed a society known as the THE Greenbackers and Democrats in

Western Commercial Travelers' Association They held their first annual meeting at St Louis on the 31st ult. THE Greenbackers and Democrats in the Maine Legislature nominated the following State officers on the 1st: E. H. Gore, for Secretary of State; William H. McLellan, Attorney-General; Samuel D. Leavitt, Adjutant-General. The Republicans nominated S. J. Chadbourn for Secretary of State; Henry B. Cleaves for Attorney-General, and George L. Beal for Adjutant-General. The Senate passed a resolution that the "National honor, public credit and private interest alike demand that specie resumption, now happily accomplished, shall be maintained honestly and uninterruptedly at any hazard, and to this end our Senators and Representatives in Congress are requested to use their best endeavors." THREE boilers exploded in a distiller t Terre Haute, Ind., on the 1st, killing Will ism Day, the fireman, and a boy named Frank Hughes. The boilers were torn to fragments and a piece of one was thrown across the Wabash River. The cause of the explosion is

THE aggregate produce and provision business of Chicago for the past year has been unprecedented in nearly every article. The talpreceded in learly every article. The receipts for the year were: Flour, 3,120,000 barrels; wheat, 30,000,000 bushels; corn, 63,000,000 bushels; hogs, 6,345,000; cattle, 1,033,000. The clearings of the associated banks were, however, \$77,500,000 less than in 1877.

THE State Treasurer of Kansas pair out gold and silver indiscriminately with currency, on the 1st, and they claim to be the firs State to resume specie payments. Kansa was the first State to subscribe for the United States 4 per cent. bonds.

graphed over the country that a Grand Jury at St. Louis had found indictments against Capt. J. B. Eads and other directors of the old Bank of the State of Missouri, for misap-propriating the funds of that institution. CHAS. DOTY, superintendent of the gas works of the Central Lunatic Asylum, at Columbus, Ohio, was arrested on the 1st, charged with attempting to outrage the per-son of a girl seven years of age.

THERE is no truth in the report tele

THE Union Cotton Press Company's warehouses at Charleston, S. C., containing 10,121 bales of cotton, were burned on the 1st. The fire was incendiary. Loss, \$575,000; insured for \$472,250. Eight two-story buildings were de-

Co., Wilkesbare, Pa., closed on the 3d. The stroyed by fire at Helena, Ark., on the 31st ult., involving a loss of about \$85,000. THE total output of gold and silver in the States and Territories west of the Mis-souri River, including British Columbia and

NINE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEEN failures were reported in New York City in 1878, with liabilities of \$63,958,403, and assets at \$18,696,531. This exceeds the record of any former year, but a large number was mainly due to the repeal of the bankrupt law.

ABOUT one hundred delegates of the Greenback party from several New England States met at Boston on the 2d. Resolutions the form all sources named for 1879, will not greatly exceed \$70,000,000.

The thermometer stood at 19 to 23 degrees below zero at Chicago on the 2d. Cincinnati, 12; Yankton, D. T., 25; Detroit, 13. SPECIAL Deputy-Collector James Davis was arrested at Nashville, Tenn., on the 2d, by the Sheriff of that county, on capies issued by the Circuit Court of Macon County, on suits brought by persons alleging false im-

the Central New Jersey and North Pennsylvania Roads were frozen to death on the 3d. The weather is the severest known for years.

Cornelius J. Vanderbill filed a petition in the Surrogate's Court at New York City, on the 3d, praying the court to issue a citation requiring the executors to show cause why they should not be superseded, and that they may be enjoined from further acting in the matter until the controversy is settled.

The failure of Bennett & Co., at Wilkesbarre, Pa., caused arun on the Miner's Saving Bank, which was stopped by enforcement of the sixty day regulation. The bank questions growing out of the enforcements

THE First Presbyterian Church, Quincy, Ill., was burned on the 2d. The church had just been completed. Loss, \$60,-

THE entire south side of Chicag street at Elgin, Ill., was burned on the 2d, causing a loss of about \$100,000; insurance, \$75,000.

An engine on the Central Pacifi Railroad blew up near Summit Station, on the 2d, killing the engineer and fireman and badly wounding the conductor of the train. THE Second Baptist Church, at St.

Louis, was destroyed by fire on the 3d. The church cost \$170,000, and was one of the finest and most imposing edifices in the city. In-sured for \$100,000. Two MEN named Noah Williams and Modoc Gainey, who had made arrangemen

fired upon by some citizens who had pre-viously obtained information of their in-tended visit, and Williams was killed and Gainey dangerously wounded. One of the citizens was slightly wounded by the burglars. TEN convicts attempted to escape from the Iowa penitentiary at Animos, on the 2d. One was killed, three wounded, five recaptur-

ed and one escaped. THE Southern Pacific Railroad progressing rapidly and will reach Maricopa Wells about the first of next May. A station has been opened at Adoude, thirty miles east of Yuma.

Some twenty persons, charged with fraud at the recent elections in Louisiana, ap-peared before the United States Circuit Court at New Orleans, on the 3d, and were bailed in \$1,000 each. Fifteen others, who were ar-rested in Natchitoches parish by a Deputy United States Marshal, had arrived in the city J. H. SMITH, Secretary of the Mem-

pkis Howard Association, has completed his turing the late epidemic, \$417,536.66; dis-sursements, \$415,730.53.

FOUR tramps were frozen to death at To Gen. W. T. Sherman, Washington: during the late epidemic, \$417,536.66; dis-bursements, \$415,790.53. Glasgow Junction, Ky., on the night of the 3d.

General:—In consequence of a law suit in the United States Circuit Court in the city of from South, Central America and West Indian

ports will be fumigated to prevent the intro-

THE report telegraphed some days ago that Suleiman Pasha had been purdoned, proves to have been unfounded. His appeal

THE Senatorial elections which took place in France on the 5th resulted in an overwhelming Republican victory. In the recent municipal elections in

A GRAND banquet was given in honor of Gen. Grant at Londonderry on the evening of the 6th.

THE French Government, as a preutionary measure against Bismarck's ecoomic policy, has given one year's notice of

RUSSIA intends to evacuate Roumelia and Bulgaria on the 1st of April. THE liabilities of the Cornish Bank are over £1,000,000.

General Sheridan's Reply to 8 retary Schurz.

The following is the substance of the sup-plemental report to the annual report of Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan for 1878 with reference to Indian affairs, in response to the request of Secretary Schurz that specifications be fur-nished in support of the statement made by Gen. Sheridan in his annual report:

ALL vessels arriving at New Orleans New York, I was compelled to go to that city shortly after the receipt of the communication ports will be fumigated to prevent the introduction of small-pox.

the United States Circuit Court in the city of New York, I was compelled to go to that city shortly after the receipt of the communication from the Honorable Secretary of the Interior of Nov. 16, 1878, endorsed by you Nov. 20, and forwarded to me. In this communication the

dlargow Junction, Kr., on the night of the 2d.

ALt vessels arriving at New Orleans from South, Central America and West India shorts with the immigrated to prevent the later both of the property of the pro

YAKOOB KAHN has not made any overtures of peace to the British.

At Ismid, on the 2d, a thirty-eight ton gun burst during practice on the British man-of-war Thunderer. The vessel's turret was destroyed, and seven men killed and forty wounded.

A PLAGUE has appeared among the Costacks of Astrachan. Of 195 persons attacked since the 1st, 143 died.

The Bulgarians in Macedonia have petitioned the Czar, asking him to use his in-

THE Bulgarians in Macedonia have petitioned the Czar, asking him to use his influence to deliver them from Turkish rule. They state that 120 of their villages have been burned and 6,000 prisoners massacred during the uppression of the insurrection.

GEN. GRANT arrived at Dublin, accompanied by Gen. Noyes, United States Minister to France, on the 3d. The ex-President was met by the Lord Mayor. There was no public demonstration.

THE French Government has decided to grant individual pardons to all Communists except about 400 of the ringleaders and the participants in massacres.

A CORRESPONDENT with the Quetah Column telegraphed, on the 3d, that the Afghans have flooded the country around Candahar, and that all the non-combatants were leaving the city.

MONCASI, who attempted to assassinate the King of Spain in October last, was exceuted on the 4th.

THE Cornish Bank at Truro, Cornwall, suspended on the 4th.

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THE Cornish Bank at Truro, Cornwall and the points beyond the river lines of transportation.

The decident of the Red Cloud and Spotted in indians, and the Red Cloud

puts a charge into my mouth which I never made and gives them to the public in the same way.

The General urges again, as in his annual report, that the removal of these Indians was unwise, quotes letters from Gen. Crook in support of this view, and continues: I did not say that the Indian Bureau had anything to do with it, and I utterly disclaim any intention of criticising the action of His Excellency, the President. He could not well help himself. In my report I only expressed my regret at what had happened. It is not strange, when we consider the inadequacy of our military force, that I should, in common with other officers, call attention to circumstances like these that are liable to involve trouble and disaster. Before closing this communication I desire to call the attention of the General of the Army to that portion of Lieut. Lee's report which plainly shows that the figures made in Washington of supplies sent to agencies may show a different result from the supplies received, and which may account for the discrepancy in the reports of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the report of Major J. K. Mizner, at the Southern Cheyenne Agency, and that of Capt. A. H. Bainbridge, at the Fort Hall Agency.

In conclusion I desire to say that in my annual report and in this report my only object has been to speak in the interest of the life, property and development on the frontier; of the lives of officers and soldiers, and the best economy in administration of my command.

A large amount of documentary evidence is

economy in administration of my command.

A large amount of documentary evidence is submitted with the report, the substance of which is referred to above.

Churman's Beply Concerning the Causes of His Amendment.

Hon. H. M. Teller, Chairman of the Select Com-mittee of Investigation: DEAR SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of yours of 21st ult., inclosing a copy of the resolution adopted by your committee requesting me to furnish, in writing, such facts and such evidence as may be in my possession touching the matter involved in an amendment made on my motion to the resolution under which the committee does not suppose that the matters embraced in that amendment are within my personal knowledge or that of any one man. They relate to elections in every part of the Republic, and the allegations are for most part to be found in the public press. In the opening of his speech in support of his resolution, Dec. 11th, the Senator from Maine distinctly stated that the resolution was based on accounts given in the press. Well, the preshas teemed with statements which, if true, require the investigation proposed by my amendment, and as I have no doubt the members of the committee read the newspapers quite as diligently as I do, it is probable they know where to look for sources of information as fully as I do, and as they are charged with the responsibility of making the investigation, and I am not, I beg leave respectfully to say that I take no part of itupon my shoulders. Nevertheless, as the amendment was offered in perfect good faith, and with the

offered in perfect good faith, and with the firm belief that the matters it embraces require investigation quite as much as the matters contained in the original resolution, it will be proper for me, especially since the committee has requested it, to furnish such information touching the subject as may from it me to time come under my observation. I therefore send herewith installment No. 1, consisting of:

First. An editorial article cut from this morning's Washington Post.

Second. A copy of a petition of sixty odd citizens of New York to the House of Representatives complaining of the illegal and oppressive conduct of John P. Davenport and other Federal officials at the late election in New York City; and I am authorized by Hon. Fernando Wood, who presented the petition, to say that its statements are proved by sundry affidavits in his hands, and that he will, if requested, furnish the names of the affiants and other witnesses to the same facts.

Third. The copy of an opinion of Judge Feedman touching the rights of certain naturalized citizens of New York, which rights were grossly violated by said Davenport, as set forth in said petition.

Fourth. I respectfully refer you to that portion of the speech of Senator Wallace, one of your number, delivered in the Senate Dec. 17, 1878, which relates to the last election in Pennsylvania. (See Congressional Record Dec. 18, page 28.) I also beg leave to refer you to the published letter of Hon. William D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, showing the means employed by Federal officials and others to defeat his nomination and election. You have no doubt seen the letter in the newspapers. If

ed by Federal officials and others to defeat his nomination and election. You have no doubt seen the letter in the newspapers. If not, I will have a copy prepared you.

Fifth. An editorial article from the Argus and Patriot newspaper of Montpelier, Vt., touching the election at Bennington, in that State.

Sixth. A copy of the President's civil service order of June 22, '77; and as showing what attention has been paid to it, and also what means were resorted to by the Republican Congressional Committee of '78, I inclose the circular of that committee, signed by George C. Gorham, its secretary. This circular, it is said, was sent to nearly every person in the civil service of the Government, and to public contractors and others having relations with the Government. I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

A. G. Thurman.

Blaine to Teller.

THE Ameer of Afghanistan has about seventeen regiments at Herat, and if he can retain his hold over them; it is said that he can still offer formidable opposition to any one southern Afghanistan.

MIDNIGHT arrests are being made in Constantinople and fears are entertained of a general riot.

THE country around Darlington and Wrexham, England, was niundated by a flood on the lat, caused by a sudden thaw. Numerous fous floods were also reported in Scotland.

GEN, BIDDULPH'S division has reached the plains of Candahar. He passed Khojak Pass without serious opposition.

THE cocupants of a wagon, three in number, were drowned on the Sits tilt, while attempting to cross the fee between Richmond and Melbourne, Quebec.

DEPUTY MOST, of Berlin, who was under sentence of banishment, has been sentenced of the intempting to cross the fee being dad the sentence of banishment, has been sentenced of the intempting to cross the fee between Richmond and Melbourne, Quebec.

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THE Condon Times, in a financial summary, says the failures in England will be nearly five thousand more than last year.

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THE Corn of the feet of the section of the Seat Sentence of the section of the Seat Sentence of the sentence of banishment, has been sentenced of all treaties of commerce by the end of the section of the sentence of the senten

on their way to the United States Court to testify against those who had robbed them of their rights on the day of election.

1 could make further specification in these two States, and in other Southern States, but

NO. 16.

their rights on the day of election.

1 could make further specification in these two States, and in other Southern States, but I have not time. I am just leaving for New England, and am compelled to postpone fuller details until after my return. Among the witnesses I would name are James B. Campbell, E. W. M. Mackey and C. G. Mimminger, of South Carolina; Gov. Nicholls, his agent, I Col. Zachary; Ex-Chief Justice Ludeling, of Louisiana; Hon. Reuben Davis, of Mississippi; J. Cole Davis, of Helena, Arkansas, and the editor of the Avalanche, a Democratic paper published in Memphis, Tennessee. But I beg especially to refer you to a large mass of valuable information in the office of the Attorney-General of the United States, already called for by the Senate, and soon, I presume, to be laid before your committee. This is official in its character, and in many cases, has the weight and value of legal evidence, not requiring further examination of witnesses to authenticate and confirm it. In offering the resolution in the Senate, it did not assume the part of public prosecutor, but especially declined any such service. The invitation of your honorable committee, however, is one that I cannot disregard, and on the reassembling of Congress I shall from time to time lay such facts before you, and make such suggestions as may seem to constitute a full and fair compliance with all the requirements of your resolution. With great respect, your obedient servant,

Ancient Mexico.

Ancient Mexico. According to Humboldt, who passed ome time in Mexico studying its an iquities, the first race that inhabited that country—the Toltees—were of Asiatic origin, and emigrated by way of Behring's strait, about A. D. 700. This belief, however, combated by the advocates of the theory of more than one center of animal creation rests upone center of animal creation, rests up-on conjecture, but appears plausible. In the opinion of Humboldt, the Toltec's dynasty and occupation lasted 500 years, ending about A. D. 1200, nearly 300 years before the advent of Columbus. The Toltees are said to have emigrated to the mountainous recesses of Central America, being succeeded by another race of aborigines—the Aztecs—as the possessors of the territory they had left behind.

They were an Indian race, of forms rather taller and stouter than the ordinary, well proportioned, good com-plexions, narrow foreheads and black eyes; regular, white teeth, and thick, black, coarse hair and thin beards, and the peculiarity of no hair upon their thighs and legs. Many of their women were beautiful and fair, whose atttractions were increased by winning sweet ness of manner and speech and modest behavior. The Aztec empire is traced for about 300 years from the cessation of the Toltec dynasty; it originally comprised the Central States of Mexico proper, Queretaro and Vera Cruz; and in 1352, after a long series of revolu-tions and wars, was consolidated under its first king. In 1436, a generation be-fore the discovery of Columbus, the first of the celebrated line of kings, the Ion. H. M. Teller, Chairman of the Select Committee of Investigation:

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to acknowldge the receipt of yours of 21st ult., inclosing the receipt of yours of 21st ult. prince the Aztec empire, after an existence of 150 years, assumed a grandeur and power—a height of civilization—scarcely ever attained by any other nation in so short a time. Under Montezums II. the empire was extended over 4,500 miles of territory, and is thought to have numbered 30,000,000,

the City of Mexico alone having 300,000 inhabitants.

So splendid an empire, so beneficent a civilization, was destined to be crushed by Cortez, who overthrew the power of the Montezumas in 1520, nearly 400 years ago. This adventurer and his myrmidons, although they bore the banner of the cross, were nothing but murderers, thieves and cuting but murderers, thieves and cut-throats who came to plunder and strew ruin and misery up and cown among the populous cities, the stately temples and beautiful palaces of a land to which they had no more right than the bur-glar has to the safe he is rifling.

Cortez, the blood-thirsty scoundrel, with the innate cruelty of the Spaniard, sought to annihilate the Aztecs, and his whole "conquest" was one unspeaka-ble outrage, in which the utmost horrors were visited on the unoffending subjects of Montezuma. No age or sex were spared; millions, whole races, were cut off and exterminated.

The high civilization of the Aztecs and the monarchy of the Montezumas were swept away, to be replaced by Spanish cruelty and spoilation, and a religion that has, so far from raising Mexico to a higher plane of civilization or improving on that of the Aztecs, sunk Mexico and Mexicans to the very sunk Mexico and Mexicans to the very lowest moral notch in the scale of na-tions. Of the splendid empire of the Aztecs 300 years of Spanish domina-tion succeeding the fall of Montezuma have left little except the remains of magnificent temples and stately palaces still visible in this beautiful land, and that once added glory to a monarchy that must forever eclipse the despotism of the 120 thieving Spanish viceroys that succeeded the ancient line of Aztec kings .- Cor. Globe-Democrat.

How \$5,000 Was Found in a Tree A TREASURE up a tree was seen in the watches of the night by a peddler, who was sleeping in a farm-house in the Shenandoah Valley. He told his dream to the farmer next morning, and on three successive nights he had the same vision. Then he prevailed on the farmthree successive nights he had the same vision. Then he prevailed on the farmer to accompany him to the forest, where he pointed out a large oak tree as the one he had seen in his dream. It was apparently sound at the butt, but about twenty feet up a limb had been broken off. The farmer did not feel like humoring what he supposed to be a superstitious whim, but the old fellow seemed to have confidence in his vision, and offered him one half the spoils if he would help him cut down the tree. When the tree fell there was a rattle of coin near where the limb had been broken off, and a small hollow was found there. By a little chopping a larger cavity was found, and within was a mass of silver. Both seemed wild with delight, and on counting up found that the pile amounted to \$5,000. The peddler expressed his unwillingness to carry around so much silver in his pocket, and inquired where he would be likely to get greenbacks for his share. The farmer, having the ferald.

THE Western highwayman reads in the telegraph column of his morning paper that a stage-coach leaves Deadwood that day with \$300,000 in gold bullion, and as he proceeds to put his revolvers in readiness he exclaims most fervently, "Heaven bless Prof. Morse!"

A LONDON newspaper advertises: "Wanted, 2 apprentices who will be treated as 1 of the family." When it was ascertained that the advertiser was in the habit of coming home and beating his wife, the number of persons who wanted to be treated as "1 of the family was small.—Norristown Herald.

A LITTLE girl visiting a neighbor with her mother was gazing curiously at the host's new bonnet, when the owner queried: "Do you like it, Laura?" The innocent replied: "Why, mother said it was a perfect fright, but it don't scare me." Laura's mother didn't scare me." silver in his pocket, and inquired where he would be likely to get greenbacks for his share. The farmer, having considerable money in his house, im mediately transferred to the peddler \$2,500 in paper money and took charge of the entire lot of silver. The peddler disappeared, and when his partner attempted to pass some of the silver, lo! it was counterfeit. He was a victim of a gang of coiners. —Lynchburg Virginian.

The moon is just the thing for mother said it was a perfect fright, but it don't scare me." Laura's mother didn't stay long after that.—Norristown Herald.

"No, your Honor," said an old offender at the bar of justice, "don't send me back to Sing Sing again. With the insurance Presidents and savings bank cashiers and such, its society is getting too exclusive for me. A fellow like me can't find nobody in his own set to associate with but the keepers.—Albany Times.

—The moon is just the thing for coon hunting or sleigh riding, but it isn't worth much for gathering chickens or talking about the greenback movement over the front gate with another fellow's girl.—Bridgeport Standard.

—"Weight for the wagon," observed the farmer, as he helped his 300 pound wife to a seat in the vehicle.

JOB WORK.

CARDS, BILL-HEADS, CIRCULARS, POSTERS EXECUTED TO ORDER, Neatest and Promptest Manner

REASONABLE BATES. Apply Hare Before Ordering Elsewberg

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

IDLE people are never contented BUTTER exports are increasing daily. ONLY one man in thirty in Idaho has ONLY eleven ships were built in Maine

SLACK times, as the chunk of lime said to the water.

CANNED peas with an attractive green hue should be avoided.

More than three-fourths of the mem bers of Congress are lawyers. THE man-that-wasn't-afraid-of-yellow-fever is back .- New Orleans Times. Wно did Lemon aid?-Yonkers Ga-

zette. The man who was punched, of "How DID it hairpin?" the young

Ir your girl turns up her nose at an nvitation to take a sleigh ride, don't utter.-N. Y. Star.

BOATS expecting to go up Red River now should carry water with them.— New Orleans Picayune. To keep apples from rotting, put them in a cool place—where there is a large family of children.

Massachuserrs officials have ob-served that home-sickness is a frequent cause of insanity among immigrants. A PRAGUE chemist has invented a mirror which reveals the contents of wine casks without removing the heads. An English paper says that Ameri-can-made lamps are more elegantly de-signed and better finished than their

ONE great drawback in a duel is the fact that you only kill one enemy to make a dozen new ones.—Detroit Free Press.

THE Michigan tramp carries a brick, and he gets into houses on the excuse that he wants to heat it.—Detroit Free Press.

TRUTH is stranger than fiction. A man may know that he is a liar, and yet he'll feel decidedly strange when he is called one. QUESTION for a debating society: "If a man has a tiger by the tail, which would be the best for his safety—to

hold on or to let go?" THE value of the new buildings put up in New York City within the last ten years is \$297,000,000, an average of nearly \$30,000,000 a year.

Some one says that nothing is healthy

that is fried. This is probably so. Even Fri'day is unhealthy—for convicted murderers.-Norristown Herald. THE heretofore-regarded worthless sage barrens of Nevada are found to be excellent pasturage for Cashmere goats. A single herder near Carson has a flock

of 3,000. mean that they are hard to catch," was IF A bank officer would look at a

burglar with a bag of tools as severely as he does at an honest man with a small check, many robberies might be prevented. COAL dealers prefer Newfoundland dogs to any other breed. They weigh more, and they sit quietly on the cart while the load is on the scales.—Boston

"BOUGHT a carriage for yourself?
You extravagant wretch!" "Well, now,
look here—I had to. See those boots?
Observe the holes. I couldn't walk in
those things, could I?" Ir is terribly exasperating to a really

Sunday Times.

good, pious man to sit down suddenly on an icy sidewalk and see the wicked safely "stand in slippery places."— Binghampton Republican. THIRTY years ago the profession of mining engineer was almost unknown in the United States; to-day the Ameri-

can Institute of Mining Engineers number over seven hundred members. "THERE'S a great difference between housekeeping and boarding out," said Mr. Younghusband; "for when I board-ed out I had to wait sometimes half an

hour for my dinner, but now I have it just when I can get it." Some men never know how to treat their wives. On Monday night a Schenectady lady wanted to go to a masque ball with some gentlemen friends, and her husband objected. So she cut her throat. - Troy Press.

An old man is still cutting wood in the swamps near New Orleans in virtue wood to others under this order, which, . THE Methodist population of the world is estimated at 20,000,000, and

the number of communicants at 4,489,-877. In the United States the membership is about 3,896,999, with 26,642 local and 22,194 itinerant preachers, WHEN a woman combs her back hair into two ropes, holds one in her mouth until she winds the other upon her lost her last hair-pin, she feels that the sex needs two mouths-one to hold the hair in and the other to make remarks

A LOCOMOTIVE weighing 118,000 pounds, with eight driving wheels, was brought west over the Pennsylvania Railroad a few days ago. It is designed for use on the Mexican & Southern Pacific Road. It passed over all the bridges on the Pennsylvania Road, but west of this point it had to be moved in sections, its weight being too great for the bridges.